TWO CENTS.

THE NUMBER OF DEAD

Uncertainty Still Exists at Atlantic

VICTIMS OF THURSDAY NIGHT'S WRECK

Several of the Injured in a Critical Condition.

FIXING THE RESPONSIBILITY

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., August 1 .- Confusion exists here regarding the exact number of persons killed in the accident of Thursday night. Forty bodies have been identified and four unidentified, but relatives and friends of about four others who were known to have been on the excursion have not been able to find these persons or to recognize them among the still unidentified. As the wreck has been cleared away and no additional bodies found, the probability is that they are among those unidentified, and that the relatives or friends have been unable to recognize them because of their mutilated condition. This would place the total killed at forty-four.

The unidentified bodies are lying in the shops of various local undertakers, and un-less friends or relatives of some of the missing excursionists appear soon to make claim to the corpses they will be buried in the potter's field at the county's expense. There is practically no change in the situation since last night. Several of the in-jured are still lying in a critical condition at the sanitarium. Mrs. Faunce Fralinger of Philadelphia, whose right leg was ampu-tated yesterday afternoon, passed a restless right and is still very low. There is no

hope for her recovery.

A young woman about nineteen years old, who has been lying senseless at the hospital since the accident, recovered consciousness for a few moments this morning, but is too ill to admit of questioning en the matter of identity. There is a strong probability that she is Miss Lizzie Branin of Millville, N.J., who is known to have

been in the excursion party, but has not since been heard from.

There is much perplexity here over the dispatch from Millville to the effect that among the dead from the time of the accident, is alive and well at his home. The body supposed to be his was identified as such by fully fifteen persons.

Placing the Blame.

An impression prevails that the responsibility for the accident rests upon the dead engineer, Edward Farr. There is no dispute that the signal to come ahead was given to the West Jersey excursion train. and if so the danger signal must necessarily be given to the Reading track by an automatic arrangement. The signals then become locked and cannot be released until both trains have cleared the point. Before the signals are manipulated, howwhen no trains are in view, the red signal is constantly displayed to both tracks. Thus, by experience alone, all engineers know that they are at least obliged to slow up on approaching the crossing. theory is, however, that Farr did not slow up, and could not do so in time when he saw the West Jersey train ap-proaching. It is said that he had been laid off for two weeks not long ago for not making good time, and it is supp that he was trying to make up for this

by rut ning at a high rate of speed The truth of the matter will probably not be known until the end of the coroner's inquest. This will begin at 10:30 o'clock Monday morning, and Fireman O'Houlthan of the Reading train, who saved his life by jumping, will probably be the principal witness. Farr was an experienced engineer, hav-ng been in the service since June, 1890.

Until recently he is said to have enjoyed the favor of the company.

Atlantic City is reviving from the heavy blow, although there is still an air of

gloom in the very atmosphere. The re-mains of the wreck have been entirely cleared away, and the ditch beside the tracks filled up with mud, but the exodus of curious parties to the scene continues almost unabated.

Another identification was made at 11 o'clock today by the son of the victim. It was the body of Thomas Kelly of Elmer,

All Bodies Identified. Later .- Forty-four persons were killed in

Thursday night's collision. All of the bodies have now been identified. The severed arm was identified as belonging to the body of Mrs. Trenchard of Bridgeton. The man supposed to be Samuel P. Mur-

phy, a jeweler, of Millville, was identified today as Patrick Feighan, of 1820 Thomp-son street, Philadelphia. He was a retired liquor merchant, and came down on an excursion on Thursday morning on the West Jersey road. In the evening he took the Bridgeton excursion train, presum-The error in identity was caused by

slip of paper found in one of the pockets bearing Murphy's name and address. Frederick Cheney died in the sanitarium yesterday, and the body was sent home without notification to the coroner or certificates from the county physician and

DROWNED BY A TIDAL WAVE. Four Thousand Persons Lost on the

Chinese Coast.

SHANGHAI, China, August 1.-News of a terrible disaster, involving great loss of life, has just reached here. A tidal wave, estimated to have been about five miles in length, swept in from the sea on Sunday last and inundated Haichau, in the northeast of the province of Klang-Su. The damage done was very great. Many villages were destroyed, and it is estimated that at least 4,000 persons were drowned. In addition, an immense number of cattle perished, the rice fields were subr and almost totally destroyed, with the re-sult that a famine is feared in that district during the coming autumn.

Halchau is situated opposite Yu-Chau Island, on the coast of the Klang-Su province, which is on the Wang-Hai of Yellow sea. The surface is mostly level, which may account for the great loss of life. Kiang-Su is one of the most fertile provinces of the empire and exports more silk than any other part of China. The Yang-tse-Kiang enters China through this province, the principal city of which is Nan-

TOM SHARKEY IN CHICAGO.

He Says Corbett Couldn't Whip Him in a Thousand Years.

CHICAGO, August 1 .- "Jim Corbett could not whip me in a thousand years." This remark was made by a young man in the lebby of the Victoria Hotel to a party of friends last evening in a quiet, unassuming tone that carried conviction with it. It was Tom Sharkey, the ex-marine, who had practically lowered the colors of the San Francisco boxer in a four-round bout at the latter place some time ago. are now matched for \$10,000 a side. is on his way east to "look around a bit," as he expresses it. He explained to his friends that he has done so much training of late that he feels the need of a little rest, and when he is taking it will pick up a few dollars in the east by giving

A Governor and Judge Came to Blows at a Campaign Meeting.

A Lively Contest for the United States Senatorship Going on in South Carolina.

South Carolinians here are watching with much interest the progress of the campaign in that state. So far there have been no developments against the Chicago ticket, except here and there an announcement that some man who has been prominently identified with the democratic party for years will support the republican ticket. All the interest centers in the fight for state officers and for United States Senator. The campaign now on is preliminary to the democratic primaries, which will name the candidates for state officers, members of the legislature and county officers.

The Main Fight for the Senatorship. William H. Ellerbe, ex-controller general, has opposition for the gubernatorial nomibe the next governor of the state, having the backing of Senator Tillman and Governor Evans. The fight for the United telling what may turn up before the end of the campaign. Senator Irby, it will be remembered, withdrew from the race when he saw that there was no chance for his re-election. The candidates are Governor Evans, Judge Joseph H. Earle and John Duncan, the latter an ex-member of the legislature and now a clerk in the office of the secretary of the state. Mr. Ducan has been, and is still, making charges against Governor Evans of crookedness in connection with the refunding of the bonds of the state, but has been unable to prove any-thing he has said. Governor Evans is supposed to have the indorsement of Senator

Governor and Judge Fight. At the campaign meeting at Florence last week Governor Evans referred to Judge Earle and M. Duncan as "fice dogs" following at his feet and imitating him. Judge Earle did not consider this proper language, and called upon Governor Evans for an explanation. The explanation was not too high. Mr. Tillman tried it a short time ago with a mixed result. The population and the two men had a fisticular lists applauded him, but many silver denounced the speech. They consider on the platform in the presence of a thou-sand people. They were soon separated, rot much damage having been done. They have been speaking from the same stand at different places since, but the altercation has not been renewed, although it has been expected. Judge Earle is a circuit judge, expected. Judge Earle is a circuit judge, and is an ex-attorney general of the state. He ran against Tillman for governor in 1890, but afterward upheld Tillman in his state administration. He was elected circuit judge for this. The general opinion is that unless Senator Tillman withdraws his alleged support from Governor Evans, the ernor will come to the Senate. Senator governor will come to the Senat-Irby is supporting Judge Earle.

GEN. YOUNG'S SUCCESSOR.

The Newly Appointed Minister to Guatemala and Honduras.

The President has appointed MacGrane Coxe of New York to be envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary of the United States to Guatemala and Honduras, vice Pierce M. B. Young, who died in New York recently, while on leave of absence. Mr. Coxe is a well-known lawver of New York. He is a member of an old Alabama family, but has spent the best part of his life in New York, and claims that state as his place of residence. He is a graduate of Harvard University, and is said to be a fine lawyer. He was assistant United States district attorney for the southern district of New York during President Cleveland's first administration, and is at present United States commissioner in the same district, holding the office under the Department of Justice. He stands well socially, and is a member of the Southern Society of New York city and of the Manhattan Club. He has been more or less active in politics of the empire state, and is what is known as a machine democrat. He has a country place in Orange county, and is one of the leaders of his party in that locality. He is now engaged in the practice of law in New York city, under the firm name of Coxe & Anderson, with offices in Wall street. He is a friend of Assistant Secretary Curtis of the treasury, Assistant Secretary Baldwin of the State Department and Assistant Attor-

MR. SHANKLIN'S CONFIDENCE.

Thinks Bryan and Sewall Will Have an Overwhelming Victory in Indiana Mr. J. G. Shanklin, one of the most prominent democrats of Indiana, is in the city today. He expresses absolute confidence in an overwhelming Bryan and Sewall victory in Indiana. In explanation of his confidence he says the populist organization in the state has been absorbed by the democracy and that the free silver sentiment predominates. He does not believe there are more than 1,000 gold democrats in the state. Mr. Shanklin says the democratic vote will be swelled by the free silver republicans who are bolting the gold standard platform of their party. He also entertains hope for a democratic victory in Ohio and thinks the whole Mississippi valley will line up for Bryan and Sewall.

IN VIRGINIA.

Mr. Meredith Says It is All One Way for the Democratic Ticket.

Representative Meredith of Virginia was in the city today for several hours. Asked about the political situation in his state, Mr. Meredith said: "It is all one way in Virginia. A large number of republicans and all the populists are going to support the democratic ticket, which will carry the state by a big majority. There will be no large defection of gold democrats from the ticket. For every bolter there will be two acquisitions to the ticket from the republican party."

The congressional convention of the eighth Virginia district will be held at Alexandria on August 12. Mr. Meredith has eight candidates who are opposing him for the nomination. He declined to discuss his chances this morning, but his friends are hopeful of the result.

Found Helpless at Sen. The consul general at Halifax has reported to the Department of State that the American schooner Viking, with cargo of coal from Newport News, Va., February 26, 1896, bound for Fall River, Mass., was blown out of her course, sustaining serious damages, and found helpless at sea by the British steamer Potomac, which towed her to Halifax. The Viking was struck by a hurricane and afterward experienced a succession of tremendous gales, which leaded with headly control of the standard of the stand which lasted with hardly any cessation for eighteen days. The crew was making ready to abandon the vessel when the Potomac hove in sight, and they were taken off

\$9,500 salvage. Reduced Import Duty on Corn. Consul General Crittenden at Mexico City

the schooner at their own request. The captain of the Potomac put a prize crew

aboard and towed the schooner to Halifax. It is understood that the Potomac received

Preparing His Coming Madison Square Garden Effort With Care.

SUPPORTERS UNEASY ASTO THE RESULT

They Are Anxious It Should Read Well in Type

AUDIENCE ALL RIGHT

The news from Lincoln represents Mr. Bryan as taking the greatest pains with the speech he is preparing to deliver at Madison Square Garden, in New York city. He hopes to make it the equal in effectiveness, if not in dramatic force, of that which secured him his presidential nomination. He is assured of an overwhelming audience, for, however unpopular his nation, but it amounts to little, and he will cause may be in the metropolis, curiosity alone will swell his numbers. He is a very remarkable young min. He has one extraordinary and unprecedented perform-States Senate is warming up, and there is no ance to his credit, and the desire will be general to hear him try to score the second time.

Uneasy as to the Result.

Some of his most ardent supporters are a little uneasy as to the result. They consider that, fluent and attractive as he is, he has set a very difficult task for himself. They are thinking less of the orator than of the ovation. It will be the substance of the thing rather than the manner of its delivery that must count this time. The people assembled in the garden may applaud the orator, but the real effect to be produced must be on the country at large, reading the speech next morning in cold type.

A Challeuge to Battle. Mr. Bryan's presence in New York will be a challenge to battle right in the enemy's country. That is always a bold performance, and it calls for high spirit. But carts denounced the speech. They considered that he had been needlessly offensive. Severe as he was, however, he had only repeated there what he had been saying about Wall street and the New York influence in politics everywhere else. It was that the populists liked so much. They enjoyed the fact that he had "said it to their faces," and hadn't, for any reason, been "mealy-mouthed" about it. "Bravo, Tillman!" was the shout that went up through the whole of the populist camp.

Watched by Populists. Mr. Bryan, of course, is not Mr. Tillman. He is a man of different temperament to begin with, and then he will appear in New York as a candidate for New York's suffrage, along with the suffrages of the other states. Mr. Tillman was merely a visitor haranguing a crowd which had assembled to hear a red-hot deliverance. But Mr. Bryan, who is soliciting populistic support expected by the members of tha party throughout the country to speak very piainly. His opinions are well known. His presence in New York will be for a p pose, and that purpose to speak to the point in silver's behalf. He has said some very pointed things about Wall street and the New York influence in politics in his speeches and lectures throughout the south and west, and even here while in Congress. The test, therefore, will come in the line he draws between his deliverances as an agitator and as a candidate for President. The democrats do not expect him to go as far as Mr. Tillman did, but how far short of that can he afford to stop without in curring the criticism of the populists, who have enthusiastically indorsed the Tillman

style of invading the enemy's country? Must Be Well Done.

The Madison Square Garden meeting will be a bold stroke, having something that goes with a dashing young candidate in it. But those who are behind it realize that the whole play, to be successful, must be A poor performance, or one with too done. much ginger in it, will mar everything.

TO WORK FOR McKINLEY.

What the National Republican Protective Association Will Do. The headquarters of the National Repub-

lican Protective Association, which was organized about two years ago, and which is said to have clubs in nearly every state, have been opened in the Capital Savings Bank building, 609 F street. The president of the association is James

W. Poe, ex-member of the legislature of North Carolina, and the secretaries are J. M. Lee and E. V. Davis, well-known colored citizens.

The purpose of the association, it is an nounced by the officers, is to organize the colored vote in every state south of Dela-ware for McKinley and Hobart. This will be done by the organization of clubs in all the southern states.

Secretary Davis said to a Star reporter this morning that the association will do much work. The organization of clubs, he said, would be the feature of the work, but lots of literature would be sent out. association would have a good deal of this printed itself, but would get a great deal more from the national republican commit-tee. That which the association will print will be particularly appropriate to the col ored race, and will bear on the effect of free silver on that race.

"Is there much silver sentiment among the colored people in the southern states?" Secretary Davis was asked. "The reports we receive from North Carolina show lots of free silver sentiment among the colored voters there. We will pay particular attention to that state, and will try to show these men the error of their way. If it was not for this sentiment Carolina, and we believe we will do so any how after we get to work among our peo-ple down there. We will also put in lots

of work in West Virginia and Virginia at the same time we will not neglect other southern states." A McKinley and Hobart flag will be flung to the breeze across F street and the quar ters of the association will be made invit ing to all callers.

National Bank Note Circulation The monthly statement of the controller of the currency shows that during July the total circulation of national bank notes was \$225,942,455, an increase for the month of \$29,495. The circulation, based on United for the month of \$564,575. The circulation ecured by lawful money amounted to \$19, C'8,951, a decrease for the month of \$535.080 The amount of registered United States bends to secure circulating notes was \$229,-544,450, and to secure public deposits, \$16,-028,000.

Army Leaves.

Leaves of absence have been granted a follows: Col. Caleb H. Carlton, 8th Cavalry, one month's extension: Capt. Alfred M Fuller, 2d Cavalry, for one month; Maj. Alfred E. Bates, paymaster, one month's ex-Consul General Crittenden at Mexico City
has telegraphed the Secretary of State that
the import duty on corn into Mexico for
August is \$1 per cargo of 300 pounds, a
reduction of 40 cents.

The Balls Bares C. Worthington, surtension: Maj. James C. Worthington, surgeon, one month's extension: Capt. James
S. Pettit, 1st Infantry, for two months:
Lieut. Arthur F. Curtis, 2d Artillery, for
two months.

SOME STRIKING ARGUMENTS MR. BRYAN'S SPEECH THE SILVER PARTY DR. TONER DEAD

Receiving Requests for Literature Which It Needs Funds to Send Out.

Encouraging Information as to the Formation of Clubs in New York State.

Mr. Pile, in charge of the headquarters of the silver party, said this morning that he was receiving hundreds of letters daily requesting silver literature, and was complying with these as fast as possible. Next week, or as soon as the national committee of the party finds itself in possession of the necessary funds, Mr. Pile will begin to have more documents printed, and he will not be much behind the big party committees in the amount of literature that will be distributed

"We are receiving encouraging news from all directions," said Mr. Pile. "This letter is from Auburn, N.Y., and states that a silver club has been organized there. It consists of 145 members, of which 85 are democrats, 35 republicans, 21 populists and 4 prohibitionists. I believe the number of republicans in the club is about the ratio that will desert the republican party in New York and vote for Bryan and Sewall. That ratio will carry New York safely for the democratic ticket. I have received news from Chicago that colored men are organizing silver clubs there. They are made up of well-known and intelligent colored men."

Vice Chairman Stevens of Colorado, who will have active charge of the national committee, is expected next week, and then the work at headquarters will get lively. A staff of stenographers has been engaged. Senator Stewart Returns.

Senator Stewart, who was one of the organizers of the silver party, and who was one of the most prominent figures in the convention at St. Louis, returned to the city this morning from New York, where he made a speech last night before where he made a speech last night before the Bryan and Sewall Club. "The democrats of New York," Senator Stewart said to a Star reporter, "are confident of carrying New York, and I believe they will do so. There has been an avaianche of republicans in western New York to anannounce their intention to vote for Bryan and Sewall. The laboring men of New York city will also support the ticket."

Senator Stewart expects to do considers. Senator Stewart expects to do considera-ble campaigning. He has been asked by Senator Faulkner to speak in West Virginia: He will speak in Hinton, W. Va., on August 10, and will probably make speeches in other parts of the state later

Populist Hendquarters. Not much is being done at populist headquarters. The arrival of Senator Butler and Secretary Edgerton is awaited. When they get here things are expected to hum. Senttor Butler has his hands full of North Carolina matters now, and will be unable to do anything in an official way for his committee until he gets through there.

Personal Mention. Col. C. B. Hebb of the marine corps is of a visit to this city. He registered at the Navy Department today.

Lieut. Ellwood W. Eyans, 8th Cavalry, is on a visit to friends in this city. Dr. Elliott of the Church of the Ascen sion sailed today on a visit to England, and expects to return late in September. Mr. J. Albert Duvall is summering at

Atlantic City.
Mr. Henry T. Hopkins, Washington correspondent of the Richmond Star, will leave tomorrow afternoon for a visit to friends and relatives in Madison, Wis., to be absent about three weeks. Mr. Harry L. Mockbee of 3042 P street northwest is spending his vacation among the Blue Ridge mountains.

Importation of Hogs in Switzerland. Mr. Eugene Germain, United States consul at Zurich, Switzerland, reports to the Department of Stafe that the Swiss government of July 7 decreed to forbid the entry of foreign live hogs into that country. save in exceptional cases. The department of agriculture may, if it deems advisable, issue a permit admitting foreign live hogs to entry, provided their weight is over 132% pounds, and the cantons interested guaran tee that they will be kept in a sanitary condition until slaughtered. Hogs of weight less than that named will mitted in extra exceptional cases if the agricultural department consents, but only subject to a thirty days' quarantine.

Tax on Coffee and Tobacco Lands. In a communication dated Vera Cruz, Mexico, July 16, Mr. Charles Schafer, consul at that place, informs the Department of State that during its last session the legislature of the state of Vera Cruz placed a tax of six cents per 100 square meters on lands planted in coffee, and five cents on a similar area of land planted in tobacco. The law goes into effect next December. This tax will be detrimental to numbers of Americans who are engaged, or expect to engage, in coffee planting. If a man were would, says the consul, under favorable circumstances, at the end of the fourth year realize \$83 per acre as against an outlay of about \$94.93, including price of land, but not interest on outlay. but not interest on outlay.

The National Republican Club. A delegation from the National Republican Club of this city called upon Vice Chairman Apsley of the congressional committee this afternoon. These in the party were Col. Chas. P. Lincoln, Mr. A. M. Clapp, Mr. W. C. Dodge, Mr. Harrison Dingman, Mr. W. Oscar Roome and Mr. Alphonso Hart. They had an informal talk with Mr. Apsley upon the general political outlook, and tendered the services of the local club for the campaign.

Naval Movements. The Yorktown has sailed from Nagasaki for Yokohama, and the San Francisco left Mersine, Syria, yesterday for Smyrna. The Monterey has sailed from Tacoma for Port Angeles to join the Pacific squadron in ex-

A Treasury Appointment. John P. Weisenhaugen of Michigan has been appointed a clerk of class \$000 in the

Department of State. The appointment is

the result of a competitive examination under civil service rules, and is subject to probationary service for six months. Coinage in July. The monthly statement of the director of the mint shows the coinage at the United

States mints during July to have been as follows: Gold, \$2,918,200; silver, \$1,092,000, of which \$30,000 was in half dollars: minor ccins, \$21,000. Total coinage, \$4,031,209.

Government Receipts.

National bank notes received today for

redemption, \$279,036. Government receipts -From internal revenue, \$512,477; customs, \$469,170; miscellangous, gnized. Consul Roc The President has recognized Alexander Roland as British vice consul at Sabine

To Inspect the Chicago's Machinery. Chief Engineer Melville of the navy has gone to New York to inspect the new ma-chinery being built for the Chicago.

He Passed Away Alone in His Room at Cresson Springs.

SKETCH OF HIS LONG, ACTIVE CAREER

His Many Valuable Contributions to Science and Literature.

MR. SPOFFORD'S TRIBUTE

Dr. J. M. Toner, one of the best-known residents of Washington, and one of the most prominent members of the medical profession in this country, is dead. He died Thursday evening at Cresson Springs, where he went some weeks ago for the benefit of his health, which had not been the best for the last few years.

The news of Dr. Toner's passing away will cause genuine regret and deep sorrow



to a large circle of acquaintances, who appreclated him for his many noble qualities of mind and heart. Few men are so fortunate as to make so many friends in life as did he, and his kindness, gentleness and consideration have endeared him to hundreds who knew him even better for what he was than for what he had done. His was a lorg and busy life, and the fruits of his labors are many.

Though he was seventy-one years of age last spring, Dr. Toner maintained the brilllancy of his intellect to the last, though for a couple of years he had been failing physically. Some months ago he was quite ill, and at the time he expressed the belief that he would not recover. A few weeks ago he went to Cresson to spend the heated term with his old and intimate friend, Mr. Justice Morris, at the Mountain House. A letter received at the doctor's house in this city yesterday said that he was not feeling so well. He had gone to visit for a few days, with his only brother, in West-moreland county, Pa., but said that he was to return at once to Cresson. He was sitting in an easy chair in his hotel when he quietly passed away, withword and without a sign His death was like his life, calm and peace-

A special dispatch to The Star from Cresson announced that the doctor's brother arrived there yesterday and took the re-mains to Derry, Pa., where the interment will take place tomorrow.

Identified With Washington's De velopment.

Few men have been so closely identified with the different phases of Washington's development as was Dr. Toner. He had made this city his home for more than forty years, and during that time he was active in science, literature and in the practice of his profession, in deeds of charity, and particularly in active forms of beneficence, such as hospitals and orphanages. and tried friend, as has the Providence Hospital, of which he was one of the founders.

For a score of years Dr. Toner had not devoted himself so actively to his profes-sion, and his practice was confined largely to families whose physician and friend he had been for years, and to poor people who perhaps could not afford to pay. To these he was never known to send a bill. Possessed of sufficient means to enable him to live as he liked best, Dr. Toner devoted himself almost altogether to literature and bor, for instance, to the study of the life and work of Gen. Washington. There was certainly no man as familiar as he with the aim to make a complete collection of Washington's letters and writings of every sort, a task that no one else had ever attempted, other collections being really selections. He possessed many original letters and papers, but his collection consisted mainly of copies of every scrap of writing, no matter how important or how trivial, of whose exist-ence he could learn. While he drew but little on this storehouse himself and had never sought to write so very much about Washington, this immense collection of Washingtoniana, which is deposited in the Congressional Library, will prove of incalculable value to students and historians in the future. He edited, with valuable notes, "Washington's Journey to Ohio," and also contributed in addresses, papers, the much valuable material of the different contribution of the contribution of &c., much valuable material on the life of Washington. He had also made as complete a collection as possible of the blographies of the medical men of the revolu tion, and this, too, has been placed in the Congressional Library. The biographies of medical men of this country in later years also furnished him with a scheme for labor. It is doubtful if there is any mar so well informed on the subject of th tory of the medical profession in America

His Private Life.

Dr. Toner never married. For many years he lived in an old-fashioned house on Louisiana avenue between 6th and 7th streets, but about five or six years ago he bought a large house on Highland Terrace, and there he lived all alone, surrounded by his books and papers. He was a good deal of an antiquarian, and his home was filled with rare old mahogany of a century of more ago. He slept in an old high four-poster bed and dined off the oldest of china His life was anything but that of a recluse, however, for his sunny, cheerful dis position made the companionship of his fellow beings particularly attractive to him. He was fond of society and went out a great deal, and also entertained to some extent. He was a member of the Literary Society, which usually met at his house once during the winter. He was an officer ciety and every year entertained the mem bers and a great many other prominen Washingtonians at a luncheon on Wash ington's birthdas, an entertainment finally became one of the features of the winter. He organized the Columbia His torical Society, of which he was the president. Its meetings were held in the parlor of his capacious house. He was also one of the organizers of the Anthropological Society and was its first president. He was one of the board of St. Elizabeth's Hospital for the Insane and was connected with a number of other institutions and societies. Dr. Toner had a number of intimat friends, men like Justice Morris and Li-

(Centinued on Third Page.)

Republicans Are Hopeful of Carrying Them for McKinley.

West Virginia, Maryland, North Caro lina, Alabama and Georgia Regarded as Good Fighting Ground.

The republicans are hopeful of carrying several southern states for McKinley. They regard West Virginia, Maryland, North Carolina, Alabama and Georgia as good fighting ground. Maryland they regard is pretty nearly a sure thing. The situation in Georgia, as represented by gold democrats, is much more favorable to McKinley than might naturally be supposed, even with the practical certainty that the middle-of-theroad populists will fight the Bryan ticket. Can't Resort to Old Methods.

Gold democrats say that it will not be cossible this year to resort to methods heretofore practiced to build up democratic majorities, and that, with a middle-of-thecad populist ticket in the field, Bryan cannot carry the state. What they call the "skillful count," when "dead men's dogs and dusters" are voted for the democratic ticket, they say, is not now practicable. A count by which the votes of certain districts amount to from one-half to two-thirds the entire population, men, women and children, cannot be indulged in. These big counts are represented as necessary to hold the state to the democrats, and it is said that in the sections of the state in which they have been made the anti-silver sentiment is strongest, and the expert counters will not exercise their talents in behalf of Bryan. On the contrary, the gold democrats will see to it that there is a fair election, and that the anti-Bryan populists, as well as the republicans, get all the votes cast for them, and that the democrats vote no 'dead men's dogs."
This view of the situation comes from

Uphill Work in Maryland. In Maryland it is confessed by the democrats that it will be an up-hill fight for Bryan, with the chances against democratic success. In some sections of the

state a few republicans have declared for silver, but their number is insignificant compared with the great number of gold democrats in Baltimore who will support the republican ticket. It is argued that if Gorman, with the state machine in his con trol, and not embarrassed by the silver question, could not carry the state last fall, it can hardly be hoped that it will go

for Bryan next November. North Carolina and Alabama. In North Carolina and Alabama much depends upon what the democrats can do with the populists. In these two states the Bryan people are anxious to fix up things with the populists. They have already made substantial overtures, and they are ready to make liberal concessions. To aid them in their efforts, they have the active North Carolina, the assistance of Butler, provided he is permitted to dictate terms. If they accomplish fusion in these states, the prospect for McKinley will not be so good there, but a failure to get all the elements together is likely to throw one or

both to McKinley.

West Virginia. Senator Elkins has great confidence in his ability to carry West Virginia for Mc-Kinley, and the gold democrats in the state are very numerous, though there is considerable silver agitation. Wilson and Faulkner, who represent two elements of the democrats, are both gold men, Wilson aggressively so, and Faulkner not believing in free coinage of silver, but willing to put forth his best efforts for the democratic

ticket. MRS. WIDENER FOUND DEAD. Wife of the Philadelphia Street

Railway Magnate. BAR HARBOR, Me., August 1.-Mrs. Josephine Widener, wife of P. A. Widener, who with a party arrived here yesterday on the big steam yacht Josephine from Philadelphia, was found dead in her state room this morning. Mrs. Widener, who was sixty years old, complained of sickness on the trip, and yesterday was attended twice by a physician, but she was in a comfortable condition when she retired last night.

Dr. J. Madison Taylor, who was summoned, announced death, which had come five hours before the body was found, due to heart disease. The Josephine will sail himself almost altogether to interactive and literary research. As a student he was precise and thorough to the last degree, and this afternoon for New York, whence the had devoted a vast amount of time and labedy will be taken by rail to Philadelphia. The Josephine left Philadelphia ten days ago for a cruise along the Maine coast. In the party on board were Mr. and Mrs. Widener, Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Widener, Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Elkins and Harry E. Widener.

UNION FOUNDRYMAN SHOT.

Trouble Renewed at the Works in Cleveland. CLEVELAND, Ohio, August 1.-All the union men employed at the Brown hoisting and conveying works again went on strike this morning and a boycott against the company was declared. It is claimed that the Brown company failed to keep its agreement in reinstating the strikers, and that a number of new hards have been employed since the strike was declared off. At noon today while the non-union men were being escorted from the works by the police a tremendous crowd of strikers and their sympathizers gathered and hooted and threw stones at the non-unionists. The police repeatedly charged the crowd and made numerous arrests, but were unable to disperse it. During the excitement and confision John Prince, a union man, employed in the Forest City foundry, was hot by some unknown non-unionist and

will probably die. Prince is twenty-eight years old and has a wife and two children

FREE SILVER IN NEBRASKA. Democratic Leaders to Arrange

Terms With the Populists. CLINTON, Neb., August 1.-The free silver wing of the Nebraska democracy will hold its state convention in Omaha in the latter part of August, the date to be decided upon by the officers of the state central committee, of which J. C. Smyth is chairman. Prior to the assembling of the state convention, the time of the free silver democratic leaders will be taken up by the work of arranging the terms of a po-litical contract with the populists by which it is hoped to unite the strength of both parties on the Bryan and Sewall electoral ticket. The populists hold their state convention at Hastings next Wednesday. The free silver democratic leaders will be represented by a strong committee.

Wreck of the Cruiser Iltis. SHANGHAI, August 1.-Further details

of the loss of the German cruiser Iltis, wrecked in a typhoon July 23 ten miles northward of the Shang-tung promontory, show that after striking the rocks the vessel broke in half. Her forepart remained above water and her afterpart sank. The eleven survivors clung to the forepart of the warship for two days before they were

SEVERAL SOUTHERN STATES DOWN IN VIRGINIA

Strong Sound Money Sentiment Among the Jeffersonians.

TROUBLES CONFRONTING DEMOCRATS

They Are Hesitating Between Duty to Party and to Principle.

CONGRESSIONAL GOSSIP

ecial Dispatch to The Evening Star.

RICHMOND, Va., August 1.- The sentinent among a large and intelligent element of the democratic party in Virginia against the Chicago platform has developed in a remarkable degree in the past ten days. While the politicians who have been waiting for it have nearly all mounted the band wagon, those who do not look for favors from the party other than the usual safeguards and protection, are simply considering how best they can get out of voting

for Bryan and Sewall. The large number of prominent democrats who openly declare that they cannot indorse the Chicago platform but will vote the ticket simply because it is democratic is astonishing. This is the key to the situation in Virginia. The democrats must either support their ticket or must vote for McKinley or must refrain from voting at all.

They are anxious to record by ballot heir opposition to the Chicago platform, which is seriously objectionable to them, but how to do this in a southern state is the question.

One way is to vote for McKinley and protection and possibly a force bill, the most serious of it all. The antipathy for this is overwhelming and extends even to social The refusal to vote at all is hardly less

distasteful because it will give a half vote to both sides, and will disfranchise the voter. He feels it his duty to vote one way or the other, and the result will be to seize the democratic horn of dilemma.

This condition will give thousands of votes to the democratic ticket in Virginia.

n November next.

Mr. Tucker's Defeat. The defeat of Congressman Harry Tucker for renomination at Amherst, C. H., last Thursday is another evidence of the determination of the masses, aided and abetted by the politicians, to express their approval of free silver. State Senator W. D. Flood, who defeated Mr. Tucker, is by no means a strong man in his district or in the state, for two years ago when he opposed Tucker for the nomination he developed so little strength that he was compelled to with-draw some time before the convention was held. Since that time Flood's political count of a personal difficulty in the senate chamber last winter, between him and Senator W. M. Flannagan of Powhatan county, in which he is charged with taking undue advantage of his antagonist, which is perhaps the gravest charge that can be preferred against a gentleman in the south While Mr. Tucker's course since the Staunton convention has been somewhat criticised, in that he mounted the Chicago platform after expressing strong sound money convictions at that convention and in doing so making a heroic defense of the administration and an able appeal for sound money, he is one of the strongest men in public life in Virginia. His course in Congress has excited the admiration of all Virginia, and his name and personality carry with it great strength. There is no doubt of the fact that the feeling over his defeat in the tenth district is but the continuation

of the old Martin-Lee political feud, a breach in the democratic party in Virginia that will not be healed for many years to Jacob Yost's Chances.

Just here it is appropriate to add that Jacob Yost of Staunton will almost certainly be renominated by the republican party for Congress in the tenth district. He is not an objectionable partisan and will no doubt receive the sound money democratic vote; besides, he is more than a match for Flood in debate and is shrewd enough to use the Lee-Martin imbroglio and the Flannagan attack for all it is worth. The opinion is expressed here today by well-posted politicians that Yost has a fight ing chance for the reat in Congress from

The situation in the third Richmond district is indeed an interesting one. As it stands today the democratic party or the free silverites, as they are called, is on

the defensive.

The trouble arises out of the fact that Congressman Tazewell Ellett, who stands again for renomination at the hands of the democratic party, was a sound money man before the Chicago convention, but has since perched himself brazenly upon the free silver platform. The original silver men do not want him, and have agreed mong themselves upon another one, Geo. P. Haw of Hanover, unknown to fortune and to fame, but who can lay claim to being an criginal silver man, which is enough Ellett, in the meantime, is hustling for the nomination, while "Silver Dick" Frayser has also announced himself as a can-didate for the regular nomination, and thus it will stand until the nominating

convention, the date of which is not yet fixed, is held. The Condition in Richmond. The sound money democrats, who are numerous in this city, are not idle. They are determined to be represented in Congress, and they are looking to ex-Congressman Geo. D. Wise, who has repudiated the Chicago platform, to lead them. The plan is to induce the republicans not to make any nomination for this district, but give their tacit indorsement to Capt. Wise, whose able and energetic defense of the Lunenburg negroes tried for murder in the famous Pollard case has made him the idol of that race in this city. Therefore the republican leaders will have no trouble in getting the colored element of the party to support him Besides, Capt. Wise has a strong personal

following in the district, and is a shrewd carvasser and an adroit politician. The sound money men of Richmond are not only numerous, but they comprise the most influential class; men who have been the bulwark of the democratic party in past years. Among their ranks are the men who have always answered liberally every appeal for financial help in the party campaigns, and furnished the sinews of war which have contributed to every dem-

ocratic victory in the past. They are not of the sentimental kind, who let party affiliation carry them contrary to well-founded convictions, and they will prove stubborn opponents to the silver

BRYAN'S CAMPAIGN.

Says He Intends to Take in Every State in the Union. TACOMA, Wash., August 1 .- Shortly

after his nomination at Chicago Candidate Bryan told Secretary Thomas Maloney of the Washington state committee that he intended making a campaign tour that would include every state in the United States. It was his desire, he said, after visiting New York and New England, to come through the southern states to the ccest, speaking at Los Angeles, San Francisco, Portland, Seattle, Tacoma and Spokane.

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